







Chemistry 9-12

# Significant Figures

## Guided Inquiry with Manipulatives

By Shari Kendrick

*Rounding Task Card*  
Round to 2 sig figs

|    |   |           |
|----|---|-----------|
| 11 |  | 892.4571  |
|    |  | 5124.689  |
|    |  | 23.67344  |
|    |  | 66.78221  |
|    |  | 783.23712 |
|    |  | 4543.2122 |

## *Significant Figures Lesson*

### *Teacher Notes*

#### *How I use this lesson in my classroom:*

- I usually put all of the needed handouts and card sets in plastic boxes located on a bookshelf near the door. For this lesson, the boxes would contain the handout. I like to keep the puzzles and task cards in boxes at the front of the room. The “Task Card Answer Sheet” is provided with the lesson.
- Students pick up the boxes when they enter the classroom. I usually let students work with up to three other students or they may work alone. More structured collaborative groups could also be set up and would work well.
- Students start at the beginning of the lesson and work their way through the lesson. I move between individuals and groups answering questions, asking higher order questions, and verbally assessing.
- The bullet symbols in the lesson serve as visual action cues to the student.
  - ✎ Indicates that the student needs to do something: get out cards, sort something, etc.
  - 👁 Indicates that the student needs to make an observation.
  - ❓ Indicates that the student needs to answer a question.

#### *Teacher Preparation:*

- ***The Handout:*** I usually print several copies of the handout and laminate them.
- ***The Puzzles:*** There are six different versions of the puzzle. Each version is a different color.
- ***The Task Cards:*** There are two sets of task cards: Rounding Task Cards and Calculation Task Cards. The Rounding Task Cards should be placed or hidden around the room for the students to find. Each of the Rounding Task Cards has six different questions associated with different colors. I usually have the student answer the question next to the same color as their puzzle color. There are six different versions of the Calculation Task Cards. Each version is a different color. I like to attach each set together with a metal ring.
- ***The “Task Card Answer Sheet”:*** Students record their answers to the puzzle and task cards on the “Task Card Answer Sheet”. Students should record the name of the puzzle or task card set and the color of the cards on their “Task Card Answer Sheet”. I usually have the students turn in the answer sheet for a grade. I give students the “Task Card Answer Sheet” along with the lesson.

- ***The Study Sheet:*** I usually provide the study sheet along with the lesson, but it could also be given out after the lesson or before a quiz.
- ***Scientific Notation:*** This lesson presumes that the student understands scientific notation. Since most calculators will convert numbers back and forth between standard and scientific notation, I usually only discuss this topic briefly prior to the lesson.
- ***Modifications:*** This lesson has several kinesthetic and visual components. Student and teacher interactions during the lesson also ensure a strong verbal component. Because of this, it works well “as is” for on level, special education, and most 504 students. I usually modify as needed by varying the level of my questioning when interacting with students. This lesson could also be used as an introductory activity for more advanced students.


***Learning Objectives (Bloom’s Revised Taxonomy):***

- ***Remembering***  
Identify the number of significant figures in a measurement.
- ***Understanding***  
Explain the difference between rounding to the right of a decimal and rounding to the left of a decimal.
- ***Applying***  
Contrast how to round the answer to a multiplication or division calculation with how to round the answer to an addition or subtraction calculation.
- ***Analyzing***  
Perform simple calculations and round the answers to the correct number of digits.
- ***Evaluating***  
Discuss why it is important to properly round the answers to calculations involving measurements.

## *Significant Figures*

*By the end of this lesson, I will be able to:*


- ✓ Identify the number of significant figures in a measurement.
- ✓ Explain the difference between rounding to the right of a decimal and rounding to the left of a decimal.
- ✓ Contrast how to round the answer to a multiplication or division calculation with how to round the answer to an addition or subtraction calculation.
- ✓ Perform simple calculations and round the answers to the correct number of digits.

 *Ask your teacher for the handout that accompanies this lesson. You will also need a copy of a paper titled "Task Card Answer Sheet".*

### *Part 1: Counting Significant Figures*

 *Look at the handout titled "Significant Figures".*

This handout shows six groups of measurements. For each group, the number of significant figures is indicated.

-  Analyze the data on the handout to determine when zero and nonzero digits are counted as significant figures.

? When are nonzero digits counted as significant figures?

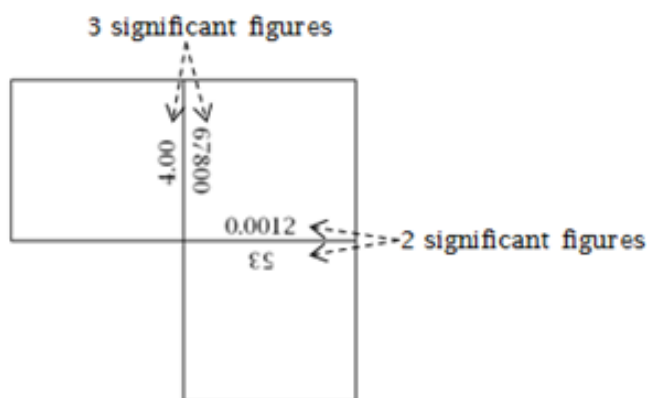
? When are zero digits counted as significant figures?  
(Hint! There are two answers to this question.)

? When are zero digits NOT counted as significant figures?  
(Hint! There are two answers to this question.)

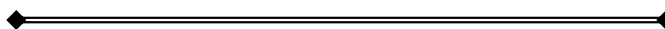
✎ *Ask your teacher for an envelope containing a “Significant Figure Puzzle” and get out the “Task Card Answer Sheet”.*

The puzzle has twelve square cards with numbers written on the sides of the squares.

✎ Assemble the cards in a 3 x 4 grid so that the numbers that are touching one another have the same number of significant figures.



? Record your card arrangement on the “Task Card Answer Sheet” by copying the cards onto the grid. Be sure to also record the color of the cards.



## *Part 2: Rounding Numbers*

- *Compare the two groups of numbers below.*

Both groups show numbers that have been rounded to a certain number of significant figures.

### **Group 1**

**Rounding to the right of the decimal point:**

Round to 4 sig fig:  $4.67391 \rightarrow 4.674$

Round to 3 sig fig:  $4.67391 \rightarrow 4.67$

Round to 2 sig fig:  $4.67391 \rightarrow 4.7$

### **Group 2**

**Rounding to the left of the decimal point:**

Change to scientific notation!



Round to 4 sig fig:  $56486.54 \rightarrow 5.648654 \times 10^4 \rightarrow 5.649 \times 10^4$

Round to 3 sig fig:  $56486.54 \rightarrow 5.648654 \times 10^4 \rightarrow 5.65 \times 10^4$

Round to 2 sig fig:  $56486.54 \rightarrow 5.648654 \times 10^4 \rightarrow 5.6 \times 10^4$

- ? Describe how to round a number when the number of significant figures needed ends to the right of the decimal point.

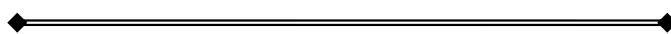
- ? Describe how to round a number when the number of significant figures needed ends to the left of the decimal point.

👉 *Return to your “Task Card Answer Sheet”.*

Your teacher has hidden Rounding Task Cards around the room. Each task card has six colors next to six questions. Each question asks you to round a number to a certain number of significant figures.

👉 Find each task card and answer the question next the color that was on your “Significant Figure Puzzle” in Part 1.

? Record your answers on your “Task Card Answer Sheet”.



### *Part 3: Calculations*

👁️ *Compare the following rules for rounding the answers to calculations .*

The answers to calculations involving measurements must be rounded so that they reflect the smallest degree of precision used in the measurement.

**Rule 1**  
**Multiplication and Division**

Round answer to the smallest number of significant figures used in the calculation.

Ex.  $4.32 \times 7.301 = 31.54032$

3sf      4sf      7sf

↖

Lowest # of sig. fig. used

Round answer to : 31.5

3sf

\*sf = significant figures

**Rule 2**  
**Addition and Subtraction**

Round answer to the smallest number of decimal places used in the calculation.

Ex.  $3.678 + 2.12 = 5.789$

3dp      2 dp      3dp

↖


Lowest # of dec. places. used

Round answer to : 5.79

2dp

\*dp = decimal places

? What is the main rounding difference between the two rules?

 *Ask your teacher for a set of “Calculation Task Cards” and get out the “Task Card Answer Sheet”.*

? Perform the calculations on the Calculation Task Cards. Use the rules from above to round each answer to the correct number of digits. **Record your answers on your “Task Card Answer Sheet”.**



*Task Card Answer Sheet*

*Page 1*

*Significant Figures Puzzle*

Color \_\_\_\_\_

|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

*Task Card Answer Sheet*

*Page 2*

*Rounding Task Cards*

Color \_\_\_\_\_

|          |           |           |           |
|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| <b>1</b> | <b>2</b>  | <b>3</b>  | <b>4</b>  |
| <b>5</b> | <b>6</b>  | <b>7</b>  | <b>8</b>  |
| <b>9</b> | <b>10</b> | <b>11</b> | <b>12</b> |

*Calculation Task Cards*

Color \_\_\_\_\_

|          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>1</b> | <b>2</b> | <b>3</b> | <b>4</b> |
| <b>5</b> | <b>6</b> | <b>7</b> | <b>8</b> |

# Significant Figures Study Sheet

## Identifying Significant Figures

| Significant   | NOT Significant  |
|---|--|
| <p>All nonzero numbers<br/>(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9)</p> <p>0's in between digits<br/>(3201)</p> <p>Trailing 0's <u>with</u> a decimal<br/>(45.300)</p> | <p>Leading 0's<br/>(0.00023)</p> <p>Trailing 0's <u>without</u> a decimal<br/>(743000)</p> |

## Rounding

To the right of the decimal

Round to 3 sig figs: 67.3735



Remove unneeded digits.

$$67.3735 = 67.3$$



Round up if necessary.

$$67.3 = 67.4$$

To the left of the decimal

Round to 2 sig figs: 83452



Change to scientific notation.

$$83452 = 8.3452 \times 10^4$$



Remove unneeded digits.

$$8.3452 \times 10^4 = 8.3 \times 10^4$$



Round up if necessary.

Not necessary

## Calculations

**Rule 1**  
**Multiplication and Division**

Round answer to the smallest number of significant figures used in the calculation.

Ex. 4.32 x 7.301 = 31.54032

3sf      4sf      7sf

↖

Lowest # of sig. fig. used

Round answer to : 31.5

3sf

\*sf = significant figures

**Rule 2**  
**Addition and Subtraction**

Round answer to the smallest number of decimal places used in the calculation.

Ex. 3.678 + 2.12 = 5.789

3dp      2 dp      3dp

↖

Lowest # of dec. places. used

Round answer to : 5.79

2dp

\*dp = decimal places

## *Significant Figures*

### 1 Significant Figure

4  
400  
4.  
0.004  
 $4 \times 10^3$

### 2 Significant Figures

45  
450  
4.5  
0.0045  
 $4.5 \times 10^3$

### 3 Significant Figures

453  
45300  
4.53  
0.00453  
 $4.53 \times 10^3$   
403

### 4 Significant Figures

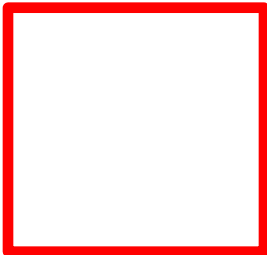
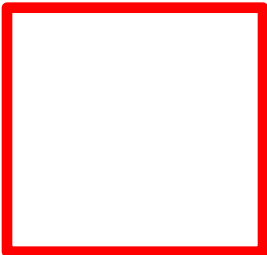

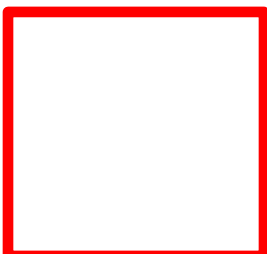

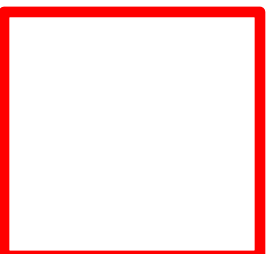
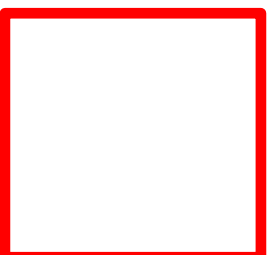
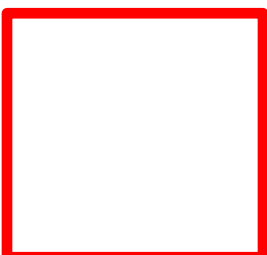
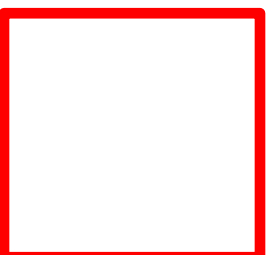
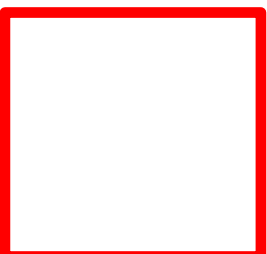
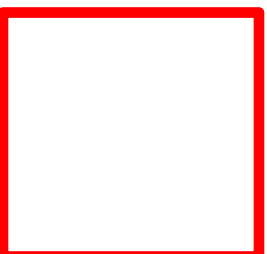
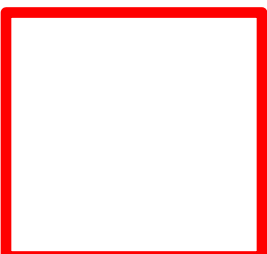
4537  
453700  
4.537  
0.004537  
 $4.537 \times 10^3$   
4007













### 5 Significant Figures

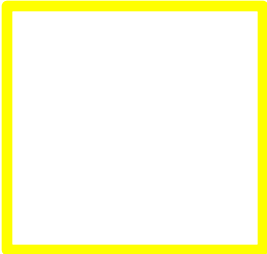
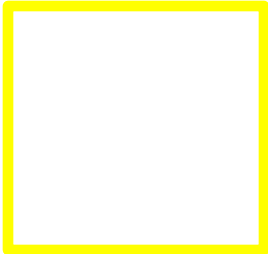
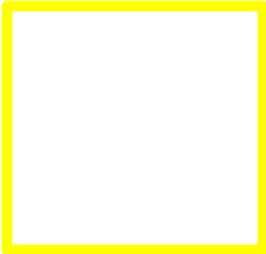
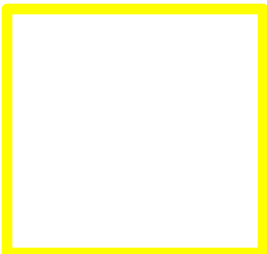
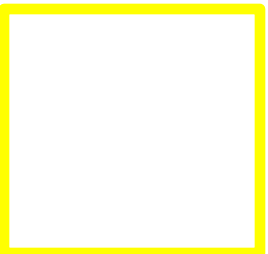
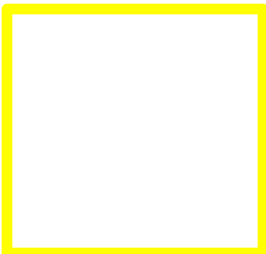
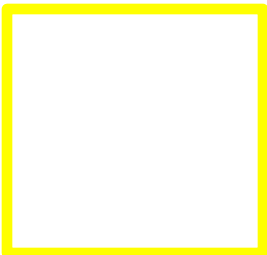
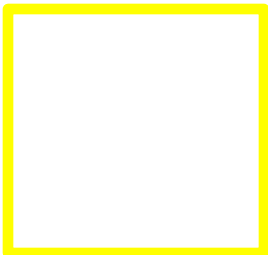
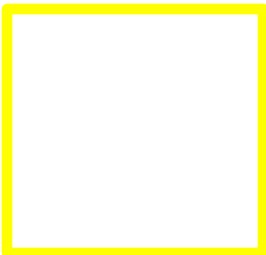
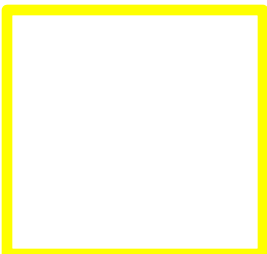
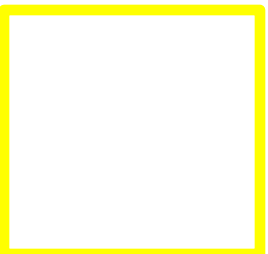
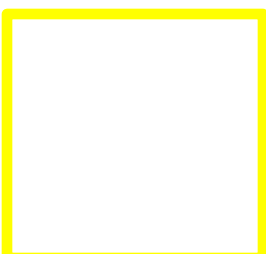
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4537200  
4.5372  
0.0045372  
 $4.5372 \times 10^3$   
40002

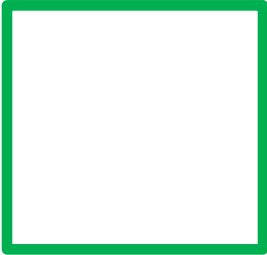
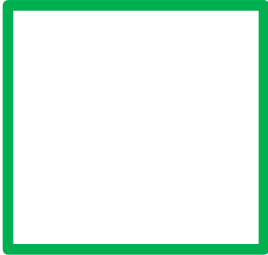
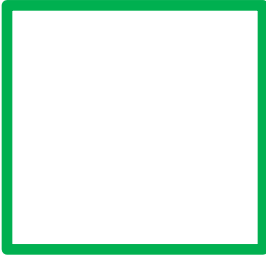
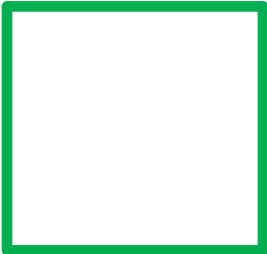

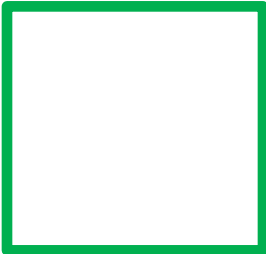
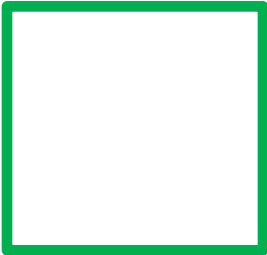
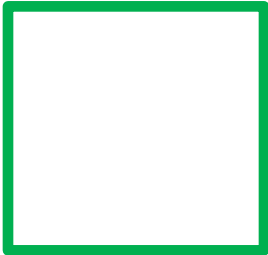
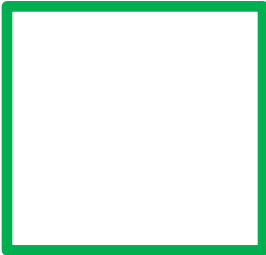
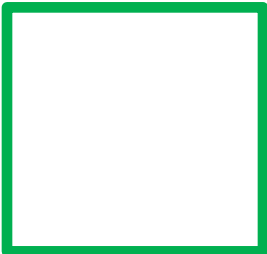

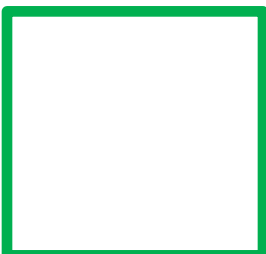
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45372600  
4.53726  
0.00453726  
 $4.53726 \times 10^3$   
400006


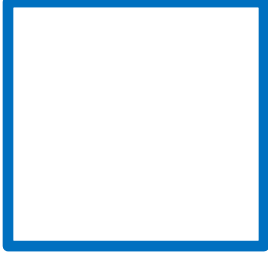
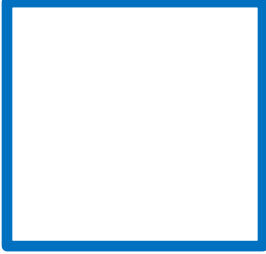
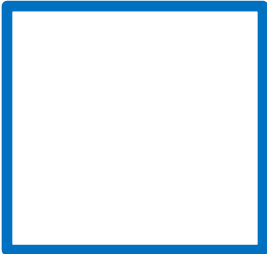

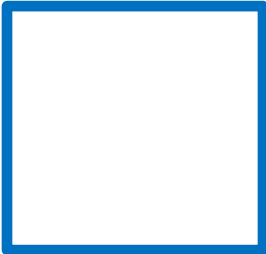
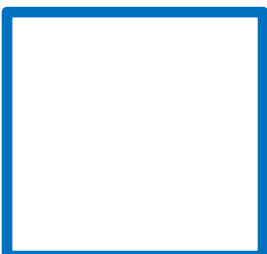
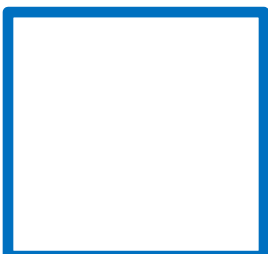
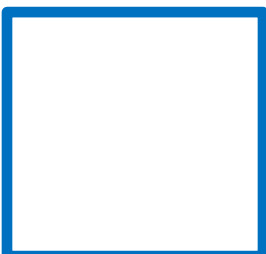



|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| <p>1010</p>  <p>0.0023</p>   | <p>42</p>  <p><math>3.00 \times 10^3</math></p> <p>70072</p>                     | <p>39100</p>  <p>101</p>                     |
| <p>0.00476</p>  <p><math>2.003 \times 10^3</math></p> <p>590021</p> | <p>8.2201</p>  <p>2</p> <p>0.09361</p> <p>87400.0</p>                           | <p>456</p>  <p>10000</p> <p>80.08</p>       |
| <p>0.0852143</p>  <p>300</p> <p>0.0053</p>                         | <p><math>2.11 \times 10^5</math></p>  <p>0.00007</p> <p>550</p> <p>0.679.5</p> | <p>1.234</p>  <p>97310</p> <p>10000001</p> |
| <p>280</p>  <p>4041</p>  | <p>4.1</p>  <p>0.005681</p> <p>4000</p>  | <p>0.007</p>  <p>5</p>                     |

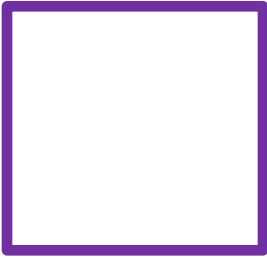
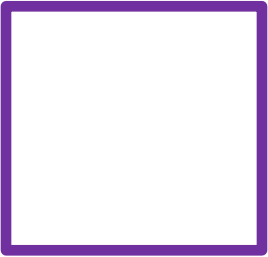
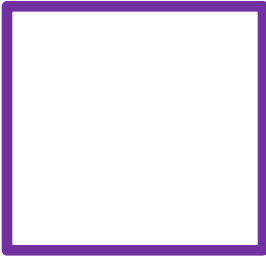
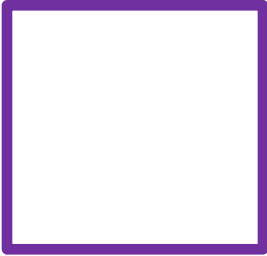
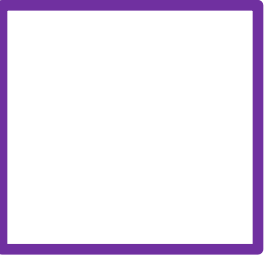
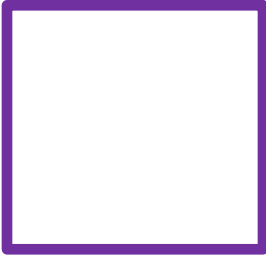
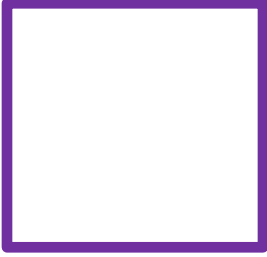

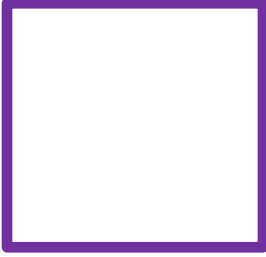
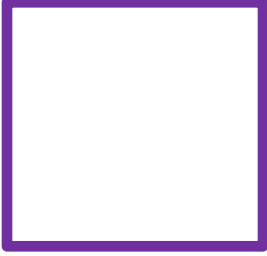

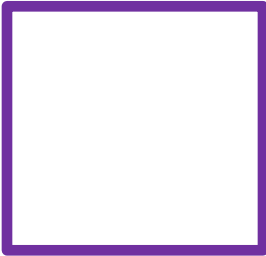
|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
|  <p>8020</p> <p>0.0067</p>  |  <p>50012</p> <p>21</p> <p><math>5.00 \times 10^5</math></p>                  |  <p>701</p> <p>48200</p>                    |
|  <p>690077</p> <p>0.00945</p> <p><math>1.003 \times 10^3</math></p> |  <p>0.00942</p> <p>94201</p> <p>5</p> <p>0.05219</p>                          |  <p>00.70</p> <p>612</p> <p>10000</p>       |
|  <p>0.0026</p> <p>0.0641296</p> <p>007</p>                        |  <p>760</p> <p><math>3.33 \times 10^5</math></p> <p>0.00009</p> <p>0733</p> |  <p>7000000</p> <p>6.412</p> <p>86210</p> |
|  <p>280</p> <p>1507</p>   |  <p>0.009442</p> <p>3.2</p> <p>2002</p>                                     |  <p>0.005</p> <p>3</p>                    |

|  |   |   |
|--|---|---|
| <p>1010</p>  <p>0.0098</p>  | <p>70072</p>  <p><math>4.00 \times 10^3</math></p> <p>93</p>  | <p>101</p>  <p>52100</p>                     |
| <p>120065</p>  <p><math>7.003 \times 10^3</math></p> <p>0.00796</p> <p>590021</p> | <p>87400.0</p>  <p>9</p> <p>0.03261</p> <p>2.2301</p>   | <p>00.08</p>  <p>70000</p> <p>259</p>        |
| <p>4900.0</p>  <p>906</p> <p>0.0256143</p>                                      | <p>830</p>  <p><math>6.292 \cdot 9</math></p> <p><math>4.21 \times 10^5</math></p> <p>0.00003</p> | <p>90000006</p>  <p>73210</p> <p>4.254</p> |
| <p>740</p>  <p>2064</p>   | <p>0.003961</p>  <p>9006</p> <p>7.4</p>   | <p>0.008</p>  <p>2</p>                     |

|   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| <p>4020</p>  <p>0.0012</p>   | <p>72</p>  <p><math>8.00 \times 10^3</math></p>                                 | <p>67100</p>                                |
| <p>610076</p>  <p><math>6.003 \times 10^3</math></p> <p>0.00523</p> | <p>0.03651</p>  <p>7</p> <p>5.1301</p> <p>28001</p>                            | <p>50000</p>  <p>762</p> <p>106</p>        |
| <p>0.0023</p>  <p>200</p> <p>0.0152853</p>                         | <p>0.000002</p>  <p>2.170</p> <p><math>7.85 \times 10^5</math></p> <p>640</p> | <p>88310</p>  <p>9.434</p> <p>8000000</p> |
| <p>310</p>  <p>3021</p>  | <p>0.003281</p>  <p>7000</p> <p>2.4</p>                                       | <p>6</p>  <p>0.002</p>                    |




|   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
|  <p>9060</p> <p>9500.0</p>   |  <p>30032</p> <p>13</p> <p><math>\epsilon_{01} \times 0.04</math></p>          |  <p>401</p> <p>54300</p>                    |
|  <p>430021</p> <p>0.00546</p> <p><math>\epsilon_{01} \times 600.3</math></p> |  <p>0.00654</p> <p>6.3801</p> <p>4</p> <p>0.04321</p>                          |  <p>20.00</p> <p>974</p> <p>70000</p>       |
|  <p>0.0043</p> <p>0.0931143</p> <p>007</p>                                 |  <p>230</p> <p><math>5.41 \times 10^5</math></p> <p>0.00003</p> <p>6.279</p> |  <p>2000000</p> <p>8.573</p> <p>62310</p> |
|  <p>840</p> <p>4507</p>  |  <p>0.004987</p> <p>6.2</p> <p>8008</p>                                      |  <p>8</p> <p>0.008</p>                    |

|   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| <p>5080</p>  <p>0.0031</p>   | <p>20032</p>  <p><math>5.00 \times 10^3</math></p> <p>62</p>                   | <p>308</p>  <p>72100</p>                    |
| <p>790023</p>  <p><math>4.003 \times 10^3</math></p> <p>0.00643</p> | <p>0.00632</p>  <p>4</p> <p>0.08261</p> <p>9.6501</p>                         | <p>50.00</p>  <p>90000</p> <p>912</p>      |
| <p>0.0084</p>  <p>100</p> <p>0.0742963</p>                         | <p>610</p>  <p>5.670</p> <p>0.00003</p> <p><math>9.64 \times 10^5</math></p> | <p>3000000</p>  <p>69810</p> <p>9.539</p> |
| <p>560</p>  <p>9041</p>  | <p>7.6</p>  <p>4000</p> <p>0.002667</p>                                      | <p>0.003</p>  <p>6</p>                    |

## *Significant Figures in Calculations - Answers*

*By the end of this lesson, I will be able to:*


- ✓ Identify the number of significant figures in a measurement.
- ✓ Explain the difference between rounding to the right of a decimal and rounding to the left of a decimal.
- ✓ Contrast how to round the answer to a multiplication or division calculation with how to round the answer to an addition or subtraction calculation.
- ✓ Perform simple calculations and round the answers to the correct number of digits.

 *Ask your teacher for the handout that accompanies this lesson. You will also need a copy of a paper titled "Task Card Answer Sheet".*

### *Part 1: Counting Significant Figures*

 *Look at the handout titled "Significant Figures".*

This handout shows five groups of measurements. For each group, the number of significant figures is indicated.

 Analyze the data on the handout to determine when zero and nonzero digits are counted as significant figures.

? When are nonzero digits counted as significant figures?

**Nonzero digits are always counted as significant figures.**

? When are zero digits counted as significant figures?  
(Hint! There are two answers to this question.)

**Zero digits are counted as significant figures when they are in between other digits AND when they are trailing zeroes in a decimal.**

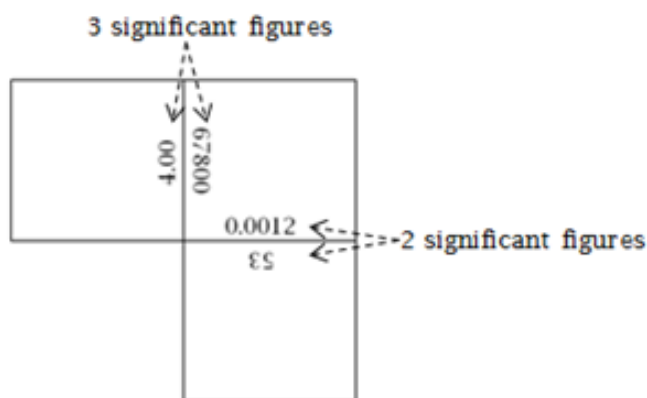
- ? When are zero digits NOT counted as significant figures?  
(Hint! There are two answers to this question.)

Zero digits are not counted as significant figures when they are leading zeroes AND when they are trailing zeroes **in a nondecimal**.

- ✎ Ask your teacher for an envelope containing a “Significant Figure Puzzle” and get out the “Task Card Answer Sheet”.

The puzzle has twelve square cards with numbers written on the sides of the squares.

- ✎ Assemble the cards in a 3 x 4 grid so that the numbers that are touching one another have the same number of significant figures.



- ? Record your card arrangement on the “Task Card Answer Sheet” by copying the cards onto the grid. Be sure to also record the color of the cards.



## Part 2: Rounding Numbers

- Compare the two groups of numbers below.

Both groups show numbers that have been rounded to a certain number of significant figures.

### Group 1

Rounding to the right of the decimal point:

Round to 4 sig fig:  $4.67391 \rightarrow 4.674$

Round to 3 sig fig:  $4.67391 \rightarrow 4.67$

Round to 2 sig fig:  $4.67391 \rightarrow 4.7$

### Group 2

Rounding to the left of the decimal point:

Change to scientific notation!



Round to 4 sig fig:  $56486.54 \rightarrow 5.648654 \times 10^4 \rightarrow 5.649 \times 10^4$

Round to 3 sig fig:  $56486.54 \rightarrow 5.648654 \times 10^4 \rightarrow 5.65 \times 10^4$

Round to 2 sig fig:  $56486.54 \rightarrow 5.648654 \times 10^4 \rightarrow 5.6 \times 10^4$

- ? Describe how to round a number when the number of significant figures needed ends to the right of the decimal point.

Remove digits from the right of the number. Round the last digit up if the last digit removed is greater than or equal to five.

- ? Describe how to round a number when the number of significant figures needed ends to the left of the decimal point.

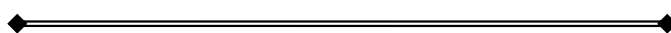
Change the number to scientific notation. Remove digits from the right of the number. Round the last digit up if the last digit removed is greater than or equal to five.

👉 *Return to your “Task Card Answer Sheet”.*

Your teacher has hidden Rounding Task Cards around the room. Each task card has six colors next to six questions. Each question asks you to round a number to a certain number of significant figures.

👉 Find each task card and answer the question next the color that was on your “Significant Figure Puzzle” in Part 1.

? Record your answers on your “Task Card Answer Sheet”.



### *Part 3: Calculations*

👁️ *Compare the following rules for rounding the answers to calculations .*

The answers to calculations involving measurements must be rounded so that they reflect the smallest degree of precision used in the measurement.

|   |
|---|
| <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Rule 1</b><br/><b>Multiplication and Division</b><br/>Round answer to the smallest number of <u>significant figures</u> used in the calculation.</p> <p>Ex. <math>4.32 \times 7.301 = 31.54032</math><br/>3sf      4sf      7sf</p> <p>↖</p> <p>Lowest # of sig. fig. used</p> <p>Round answer to : 31.5<br/>3sf</p> <p>*sf = significant figures</p> |
|---|

|  |
|--|
| <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Rule 2</b><br/><b>Addition and Subtraction</b><br/>Round answer to the smallest number of <u>decimal places</u> used in the calculation.</p> <p>Ex. <math>3.678 + 2.12 = 5.789</math><br/>3dp      2 dp      3dp</p> <p>↗</p> <p>Lowest # of dec. places. used</p> <p>Round answer to : 5.79<br/>2dp</p> <p>*dp = decimal places</p> |
|--|

? What is the main rounding difference between the two rules?

In multiplication and division, the answer should be rounded to the lowest number of significant figures used. In addition and subtraction, the answer should be rounded to the lowest number of decimal places used.

👉 *Ask your teacher for a set of “Calculation Task Cards” and get out the “Task Card Answer Sheet”.*

? Perform the calculations on the Calculation Task Cards. Use the rules from above to round each answer to the correct number of digits. **Record your answers on your “Task Card Answer Sheet”.**

## Task Card Answers

### Puzzle Answers

See the arrangement of the cards before cutting.

### Rounding Answers

| Card | Red                       | Orange  | Yellow                      | Green                       | Blue                      | Violet                     |
|------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1    | 3.460                     | 9.071   | 23.61                       | 496.4                       | 92.74                     | 561.9                      |
| 2    | $4.3 \times 10^4$         | $8.9 \times 10^2$                                     | $7.2 \times 10^3$           | $9.7 \times 10^5$           | $6.9 \times 10^4$         | $1.5 \times 10^4$          |
| 3    | $6.9 \times 10^3$         | $3.2 \times 10^4$                                     | $6.9 \times 10^7$           | $2.7 \times 10^2$           | $9.3 \times 10^8$         | $4.2 \times 10^5$          |
| 4    | 2.85                      | 9.12  | 1.38                        | 8.57                        | 4.08                      | 5.23                       |
| 5    | $8 \times 10^3$<br>(8000) | $10 \times 10^4$<br>( $1.0 \times 10^5$ )<br>(100000) | $2 \times 10^5$<br>(200000) | $9 \times 10^4$<br>(90000)  | $6 \times 10^3$<br>(6000) | $4 \times 10^4$<br>(40000) |
| 6    | $7.92 \times 10^5$        | $4.79 \times 10^3$                                    | $2.46 \times 10^4$          | $8.77 \times 10^2$          | $6.53 \times 10^7$        | $3.92 \times 10^8$         |
| 7    | $4.3197 \times 10^7$      | $7.0347 \times 10^6$                                  | $5.3279 \times 10^5$        | $2.8535 \times 10^6$        | $3.7655 \times 10^5$      | $6.8457 \times 10^7$       |
| 8    | 5.8                       | 4.5   | 9.4                         | 3.6                         | 2.8                       | 1.4                        |
| 9    | $6.72 \times 10^5$        | $4.33 \times 10^4$                                    | $2.13 \times 10^4$          | $8.30 \times 10^4$          | $3.97 \times 10^5$        | $5.83 \times 10^4$         |
| 10   | $6.128 \times 10^5$       | $8.330 \times 10^2$                                   | $3.426 \times 10^7$         | $2.483 \times 10^3$         | $4.284 \times 10^9$       | $5.846 \times 10^6$        |
| 11   | $8.9 \times 10^2$         | $5.1 \times 10^3$                                     | 24<br>( $2.4 \times 10^1$ ) | 67<br>( $6.7 \times 10^1$ ) | $7.8 \times 10^2$         | $4.5 \times 10^3$          |
| 12   | $1.644 \times 10^5$       | $9.309 \times 10^6$                                   | $5.973 \times 10^5$         | $2.873 \times 10^5$         | $4.733 \times 10^6$       | $3.747 \times 10^5$        |

### Calculation Answers

| Card | Red                       | Orange                    | Yellow                    | Green                     | Blue                      | Violet                    |
|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1    | $6.1 \times 10^1$<br>(61) | $4.7 \times 10^1$<br>(47) | $5.4 \times 10^1$<br>(54) | $4.1 \times 10^1$<br>(41) | $2.6 \times 10^1$<br>(26) | $7.1 \times 10^1$<br>(71) |
| 2    | 14.2                      | 16.2                      | 18.2                      | 13.1                      | 13.2                      | 17.2                      |
| 3    | 14.5                      | 19.9                      | 8.01                      | 11.7                      | 18.2                      | 13.9                      |
| 4    | 32                        | 25                        | 32                        | 27                        | 54                        | 18                        |
| 5    | $4.1 \times 10^3$         | $3.4 \times 10^4$         | $4.4 \times 10^5$         | $1.8 \times 10^4$         | $2.1 \times 10^3$         | $2.2 \times 10^4$         |
| 6    | 3.91                      | 3.88                      | 1.37                      | 1.92                      | 3.01                      | 3.23                      |
| 7    | 1.64                      | 2.19                      | 2.73                      | 3.50                      | 1.63                      | 1.32                      |
| 8    | 5.813                     | 8.629                     | 11.809                    | 14.704                    | 10.840                    | 12.606                    |



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